

Africa - Afrobarometer Survey 1 1999-2000, Merged 7 Country

**Institute for Democracy in South Africa (IDASA), Michigan State University (MSU),
Ghana Centre for Democratic Development (CDD-Ghana)**

Report generated on: August 28, 2015

Visit our data catalog at: <http://www.datafirst.uct.ac.za/dataportal/index.php>

Overview

Identification

ID NUMBER

afr-afr7-1999-2000-v1

Version

VERSION DESCRIPTION

v1: Edited, anonymised dataset for public distribution

PRODUCTION DATE

2005

Overview

ABSTRACT

Round 1 of the Afrobarometer survey was conducted from July 1999 through June 2001 in 12 African countries, to solicit public opinion on democracy, governance, markets, and national identity.

The full 12 country dataset released was pieced together out of different projects, Round 1 of the Afrobarometer survey, the old Southern African Democracy Barometer, and similar surveys done in West and East Africa.

The 7 country dataset is a subset of the Round 1 survey dataset, and consists of a combined dataset for the 7 Southern African countries surveyed with other African countries in Round 1, 1999-2000 (Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Namibia, South Africa, Zambia and Zimbabwe). It is a useful dataset because, in contrast to the full 12 country Round 1 dataset, all countries in this dataset were surveyed with the identical questionnaire

KIND OF DATA

Sample survey data [ssd]

UNITS OF ANALYSIS

Basic units of analysis that the study investigates include: individuals and groups

Scope

NOTES

Each Afrobarometer survey collects data about individual attitudes and behavior, including innovative indicators especially relevant to developing societies. This includes the following topics

Democracy

Popular understanding of, support for, and satisfaction with democracy, as well as any desire to return to, or experiment with, authoritarian alternatives.

Governance

The demand for, and satisfaction with, effective, accountable and clean government; judgments of overall governance performance and social service delivery.

Livelihoods

How do African families survive? What variety of formal and informal means do they use to gain access to food, shelter, water, health, employment and money?

Macro-economics and Markets

Citizen understandings of market principles and market reforms and their assessments of economic conditions and government performance at economic management.

Social Capital

Whom do people trust? To what extent do they rely on informal networks and associations? What are their evaluations of the trustworthiness of various institutions?

Conflict and Crime

How safe do people feel? What has been their experience with crime and violence?

Participation

The extent to which ordinary folks join in development efforts, comply with the laws of the land, vote in elections, contact elected representatives, and engage in protest. The quality of electoral representation.

National Identity

How do people see themselves in relation to ethnic and class identities? Does a shared sense of national identity exist?

TOPICS

Topic	Vocabulary	URI
conflict, security and peace [4.1]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common
domestic political issues [4.2]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common
government, political systems and organisations [4.4]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common
mass political behaviour, attitudes/opinion [4.6]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common
political ideology [4.7]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common
business/industrial management and organisation [2.2]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common
mass media [7.4]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common
social exclusion [12.9]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common
cultural activities and participation [13.2]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common
cultural and national identity [13.3]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common
religion and values [13.5]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common
social behaviour and attitudes [13.6]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common
social change [13.7]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common
social conditions and indicators [13.8]	CESSDA	http://www.nesstar.org/rdf/common

Coverage

GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

Botswana

Lesotho

Malawi

Namibia

South Africa

Zambia

Zimbabwe

GEOGRAPHIC UNIT

The lowest level of geographic aggregation covered by the data is suburb.

Producers and Sponsors

PRIMARY INVESTIGATOR(S)

Name	Affiliation
Institute for Democracy in South Africa (IDASA)	
Michigan State University (MSU)	
Ghana Centre for Democratic Development (CDD-Ghana)	

FUNDING

Name	Abbreviation	Role
The African Development Bank		
Michigan State University		
The National Science Foundation, US		
The Netherlands Ministry of Foreign Affairs		
Norwegian Agency for Development Cooperation (NORAD)		

Metadata Production

METADATA PRODUCED BY

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation	Role
DataFirst		University of Cape Town	Metadata producer

DATE OF METADATA PRODUCTION

2011-12-22

DDI DOCUMENT VERSION

Version 1.2 (December 2011) The study title has been changed in this version of the metadata, and the 12 country survey questionnaire added as an external resource. Details on lowest level of aggregation have also been added.

DDI DOCUMENT ID

ddi-afr-afr7-1999-2000-v1.2

Sampling

Sampling Procedure

A new sample has to be drawn for each round of Afrobarometer surveys.

Whereas the standard sample size for Round 3 surveys will be 1200 cases, a larger sample size will be required in societies that are extremely heterogeneous (such as South Africa and Nigeria), where the sample size will be increased to 2400. Other adaptations may be necessary within some countries to account for the varying quality of the census data or the availability of census maps.

The sample is designed as a representative cross-section of all citizens of voting age in a given country. The goal is to give every adult citizen an equal and known chance of selection for interview. We strive to reach this objective by (a) strictly applying random selection methods at every stage of sampling and by (b) applying sampling with probability proportionate to population size wherever possible. A randomly selected sample of 1200 cases allows inferences to national adult populations with a margin of sampling error of no more than plus or minus 2.5 percent with a confidence level of 95 percent. If the sample size is increased to 2400, the confidence interval shrinks to plus or minus 2 percent.

Sample Universe

The sample universe for Afrobarometer surveys includes all citizens of voting age within the country. In other words, we exclude anyone who is not a citizen and anyone who has not attained this age (usually 18 years) on the day of the survey. Also excluded are areas determined to be either inaccessible or not relevant to the study, such as those experiencing armed conflict or natural disasters, as well as national parks and game reserves. As a matter of practice, we have also excluded people living in institutionalized settings, such as students in dormitories and persons in prisons or nursing homes.

What to do about areas experiencing political unrest? On the one hand we want to include them because they are politically important. On the other hand, we want to avoid stretching out the fieldwork over many months while we wait for the situation to settle down. It was agreed at the 2002 Cape Town Planning Workshop that it is difficult to come up with a general rule that will fit all imaginable circumstances. We will therefore make judgments on a case-by-case basis on whether or not to proceed with fieldwork or to exclude or substitute areas of conflict. National Partners are requested to consult Core Partners on any major delays, exclusions or substitutions of this sort.

Sample Design

The sample design is a clustered, stratified, multi-stage, area probability sample.

To repeat the main sampling principle, the objective of the design is to give every sample element (i.e. adult citizen) an equal and known chance of being chosen for inclusion in the sample. We strive to reach this objective by (a) strictly applying random selection methods at every stage of sampling and by (b) applying sampling with probability proportionate to population size wherever possible.

In a series of stages, geographically defined sampling units of decreasing size are selected. To ensure that the sample is representative, the probability of selection at various stages is adjusted as follows:

The sample is stratified by key social characteristics in the population such as sub-national area (e.g. region/province) and residential locality (urban or rural). The area stratification reduces the likelihood that distinctive ethnic or language groups are left out of the sample. And the urban/rural stratification is a means to make sure that these localities are represented in their correct proportions.

Wherever possible, and always in the first stage of sampling, random sampling is conducted with probability proportionate to population size (PPPS). The purpose is to guarantee that larger (i.e., more populated) geographical units have a proportionally greater probability of being chosen into the sample.

The sampling design has four stages

A first-stage to stratify and randomly select primary sampling units;

A second-stage to randomly select sampling start-points;

A third stage to randomly choose households;

A final-stage involving the random selection of individual respondents

We shall deal with each of these stages in turn.

STAGE ONE: Selection of Primary Sampling Units (PSUs)

The primary sampling units (PSU's) are the smallest, well-defined geographic units for which reliable population data are available. In most countries, these will be Census Enumeration Areas (or EAs). Most national census data and maps are broken down to the EA level. In the text that follows we will use the acronyms PSU and EA interchangeably because, when census data are employed, they refer to the same unit.

We strongly recommend that NIs use official national census data as the sampling frame for Afrobarometer surveys. Where recent or reliable census data are not available, NIs are asked to inform the relevant Core Partner before they substitute any other demographic data. Where the census is out of date, NIs should consult a demographer to obtain the best possible estimates of population growth rates. These should be applied to the outdated census data in order to make projections of population figures for the year of the survey. It is important to bear in mind that population growth rates vary by area (region) and (especially) between rural and urban localities. Therefore, any projected census data should include adjustments to take such variations into account.

Indeed, we urge NIs to establish collegial working relationships within professionals in the national census bureau, not only to obtain the most recent census data, projections, and maps, but to gain access to sampling expertise. NIs may even commission a census statistician to draw the sample to Afrobarometer specifications, provided that provision for this service has been made in the survey budget.

Regardless of who draws the sample, the NIs should thoroughly acquaint themselves with the strengths and weaknesses of the available census data and the availability and quality of EA maps. The country and methodology reports should cite the exact census data used, its known shortcomings, if any, and any projections made from the data. At minimum, the NI must know the size of the population and the urban/rural population divide in each region in order to specify how to distribute population and PSU's in the first stage of sampling. National investigators should obtain this written data before they attempt to stratify the sample.

Once this data is obtained, the sample population (either 1200 or 2400) should be stratified, first by area (region/province) and then by residential locality (urban or rural). In each case, the proportion of the sample in each locality in each region should be the same as its proportion in the national population as indicated by the updated census figures.

Having stratified the sample, it is then possible to determine how many PSU's should be selected for the country as a whole, for each region, and for each urban or rural locality.

The total number of PSU's to be selected for the whole country is determined by calculating the maximum degree of clustering of interviews one can accept in any PSU. Because PSUs (which are usually geographically small EAs) tend to be socially homogenous we do not want to select too many people in any one place. Thus, the Afrobarometer has established a standard of no more than 8 interviews per PSU. For a sample size of 1200, the sample must therefore contain 150 PSUs/EAs (1200 divided by 8). For a sample size of 2400, there must be 300 PSUs/EAs.

These PSUs should then be allocated proportionally to the urban and rural localities within each regional stratum of the sample. Let's take a couple of examples from a country with a sample size of 1200. If the urban locality of Region X in this country constitutes 10 percent of the current national population, then the sample for this stratum should be 15 PSUs (calculated as 10 percent of 150 PSUs). If the rural population of Region Y constitutes 4 percent of the current national population, then the sample for this stratum should be 6 PSU's.

The next step is to select particular PSUs/EAs using random methods. Using the above example of the rural localities in Region Y, let us say that you need to pick 6 sample EAs out of a census list that contains a total of 240 rural EAs in Region Y. But which 6? If the EAs created by the national census bureau are of equal or roughly equal population size, then selection is relatively straightforward. Just number all EAs consecutively, then make six selections using a table of random numbers. This procedure, known as simple random sampling (SRS), will ensure that each EA will have an equal probability of being sampled.

If the PSUs'/EAs have different population sizes, however, then random sampling must be conducted with probability proportionate to population size (PPPS). The idea here is that units with larger populations should have a proportionally greater chance (probability) of being chosen. The PPPS method is not difficult to use and is described in Appendix 6.

Once EA's have been randomly selected they should be plotted on a national map. Use this map to plan out the deployment routes for the various field teams. In some cases, a few EAs may be so inaccessible or so dangerous that substitution of PSUs becomes necessary. As long as PSU substitutions never constitute more than 5 percent of all PSU's it is acceptable to make

them. The best method is to randomly draw another EA in the hope that it will fall in a more convenient location. Please record which EAs are substitutes and justify why they were substituted. If more than 5 percent of PSUs require substitution, then the NI should discard the entire Stage 1 sample and draw a new one.

Oversampling- optional

In some countries, the NI may be concerned that a random sample might miss a politically important minority group. Or, even if this minority is represented in the sample in accordance with its share of the national population, there may be too few cases to make reliable generalizations about the attitudes of this group. Under these circumstances, over-sampling is permissible, as we did in Round 1 for the Toareg, Ijaw, and Coloured minorities in Mali, Nigeria and South Africa respectively. Purposive over-sampling will also be required as a condition of one donor's funding in Round 3; USAID wishes to gather extra information on certain regions where their projects are located, probably in Mali, Mozambique, Senegal, South Africa, and Zambia. Note that the over-sample should be coterminous with a given sampling stratum, usually a region. The NI should consult the relevant Core Partner about any planned over-sampling and keep detailed records that allow correct weighting factors to be calculated to correct for over-sampling at the stage of data analysis.

Additional Cluster (Optional)

In countries where regions are too numerous or too scattered to provide a logistically feasible sampling frame, an additional stage of clustering can be considered, as follows:

* Choose a suitable geographic unit between region/province and EA: e.g. administrative district. In large countries, it may not be practical to visit all districts or even all regions. Number and stratify all districts and, using PPS, randomly choose a subset of these districts. Preferably, the subset should not be less than half of the total number of districts in the country. And the subset should always cover all relevant social variations nationwide.

* A population limit shall be set for districts that should be self-representing (i.e. large districts which must be represented in the sample). Self-representing districts will thus have a probability equal to one of inclusion in the sample.

* Once PPS is applied, other districts will have a probability proportional to population size of inclusion in the sample.

Additional Stratum (Optional)

In urban areas that have extremely diverse housing patterns, the NI may choose to add an additional layer of stratification to increase the likelihood that the sample does not leave out high-density (especially informal) settlements. Using a street map, a city or town can be divided into high- medium- and low-density areas. It can then be required that PSUs are represented equally (or better yet, in proportion to population sizes, if these are known) within the sample for that city or town.

STAGE TWO: Selecting Sampling Start Points (SSP's)

Within each PSU/EA, Field Teams travel to a randomly selected sampling start point (SSP). Thus the number of start points is the same as the number of PSU's (150 or 300). A sampling start point (SSP) is required so that interviewers know where to start random walk patterns within each PSU (see next section). This procedure has the effect of further clustering the sample into manageable areas that are reachable on foot or by a short vehicle ride.

Either in the office or in the field, the Field Supervisor (FS) selects the SSP using one of the following three methods.

The ideal method

If the FS is able to obtain a list of all households in a selected EA, then this should be done. Possible sources include the national census bureau or the office of district administrator or local government authority. Once a list is available, the field supervisor should randomly (using a random numbers table) choose eight households, and send one Interviewer to each. A detailed map showing all households in the EA and matching them with the listed names is necessary for this method.

(Note: If this method is used, it is not necessary to apply Stage Three: Selection of Households. Go straight to Stage Four: Selection of Respondents).

An alternative method (where maps are available for the PSU)

If the census bureau has provided EA maps, the FS can randomly select a start point using a grid. The FS places a ruler with numbers along the top of the map and a ruler with numbers along the side of the map. He/she then uses a table of random numbers (or a set of numbered cards) to select a number for the top axis and a number for the side axis, resulting in a

random combination (e.g. "9 and 6.") A line is then drawn on the map horizontal to the number chosen on the side, and another line is drawn vertical to the number chosen on the top. The point on the map where these two lines intersect is the sampling start point. The SSP is marked on the map, and given to the field team for that area. The fieldwork team then locates the nearest housing settlement to this point, and travels there (or as near as they can to the point). In rural areas, finding the SSP may require the field team to consult with local residents.

Because we never know in advance the actual condition on the ground in all the PSU's, the FS may need to choose a second sampling start point as a reserve or substitute if the SSP is inappropriate or inaccessible.

Another alternative (where maps are not available)

When maps are not available for the selected PSU, the following procedure should be used. The FS contacts a local government councilor or another official knowledgeable about the area. This person is consulted to determine how many housing settlements (e.g. villages) are in the PSU. These settlements must have identifiable boundaries that do not overlap with one another. These settlements are numbered and, using numbered cards, the FS asks the informant to randomly select one card. The settlement identified by the selected number is the settlement where the interviews will be conducted.

IMPORTANT: At the start point, then the FS must be certain to preserve randomness, by rotating the place where Interviewers begin their random walk pattern. If the Team starts on a main road at one SSP, they should start off the road at the next SSP. If the Team starts in a central place (like a school) in one EA, they should start in a peripheral place in the next EA. And so on. The logic of random sampling is to avoid ANY kind of pattern in the units selected at any stage.

STAGE THREE: Selecting Households

Having arrived at the sampling start point, the Team is ready to select households.

For the purposes of the Afrobarometer, a household is defined as a group of people who presently eat together from the same pot. By this definition, a household does not include persons who are currently living elsewhere for purposes of studies or work. Nor does a household include domestic workers or temporary visitors (even if they eat from the same pot or slept there on the previous night). And, in practice, we want to select our respondent from among persons in the household who will be available for interview on that same day.

In multi-household dwelling structures (like blocks of flats, compounds with multiple spouses, or backyard dwellings for renters, relatives, or household workers), each household is treated as a separate sampling unit.

IMPORTANT: The third (household) and fourth (respondent) stages of sampling are conducted by Interviewers. Interviewers must be carefully trained and supervised to ensure that they follow Afrobarometer sampling instructions to the exact letter. These sampling instructions are summarized below and spelled out on the first two pages of every questionnaire. Field Supervisors are responsible for ensuring that their teams of Interviewers understand their parts of the sampling methodology and execute them correctly.

The method for selecting households is as follows:

In well-populated urban and rural areas, with single-dwelling units:

Starting as near as possible to the SSP, the FS should choose any random point (like a street corner, a school, or a water source) being careful to randomly rotate the choice of such landmarks. The four Interviewers should be instructed to walk away from this point in the following random directions:

The Walk Pattern : Interviewer 1 walks towards the sun, Interviewer 2 away from the sun, Interviewer 3 at right angle to Interviewer 1, Interviewer 4 in the opposite direction from Interviewer 3, etc. If the Team contains more than four Interviewers, then the FS should take them to another randomly selected place near the SSP to begin their walk patterns.

When interviews are to be conducted during the night by the whole team (excluding call backs), the team should use the moon or some other random landmark to begin the walk pattern (Field Supervisors should just make sure that interviewees disperse in directions opposite to each other).

Each Interviewer should use the day code to establish an interval (n) for household selection. The day code introduces randomness into the interval. It is calculated by adding together the numbers in the day of the month as follows. On the 5th, 14th and 23rd of the month the interval would be 5, but on the 6th, 15th and 24th it would be 6. And so on. On some days (the 1st and 10th of the month) the Interviewer moves to the adjacent dwelling structure (because the sampling interval is 1). On the 29th of the month the Interviewer must leave the widest gap, selecting only every eleventh house.

In every case, the Interviewer selects the nth house on the right.

In well-populated urban and rural areas, with multiple-dwelling units:

If the start point is a block of flats, or if the walk pattern includes a block of flats, then the Interviewer should start on the top floor and work his/her way downwards, stopping at every nth flat on the right. In an exception to the normal walk pattern, which only refers to blocks of flats, the Interviewer should only visit alternate floors of the block.

5.3.3.3 In sparsely populated rural areas, with small villages or single-dwelling farms:

In such areas, there may be only a few households around a given start point. We do not wish to over-cluster the sample by conducting too many (e.g. all 8) interviews in one small village. In these cases, the following guidelines shall apply: If there are 15 or fewer households within walking distance of the start point, the field team shall drop only one Interviewer there. If there are 16-30 households within walking distance of the start point, two Interviewers can be dropped there. (If there are more than 50 households, the whole team can be dropped off as usual). If only one or two Interviewers can be dropped at the start point, the rest of the team should drive to the nearest housing settlement within the same EA and closest to the SSP, where the next one, two or three Interviewers shall be dropped according to the same rule. And so on.

In sparsely populated rural areas, with commercial farms:

In countries where commercial farms are large and contain populous settlements of farm workers, effort should be made to avoid collecting all eight interviews for that EA on one farm. To do this, the field supervisor should drop two Interviewers at the first farm (either the first randomly chosen from a comprehensive list of farms within the EA, or the first nearest the randomly selected start point), and then drop the remaining two Interviewers at the next farm. Once the first two are finished, they are moved to another farm for two more interviews, and the same with the second pair, so that eight interviews are obtained from four separate farms in each EA. It is important that all selected farms are within the selected EA. Households should be chosen from lists of households on the farm, or by using a standard random walk pattern. Remember to include both the farm owner's and farm workers' dwellings on the lists or on the walk pattern. Once the teams' eight interviews are completed, the field supervisor should move the team on to the next selected EA and repeat the procedure.

Interviewer's second interview

In a Team of four, each Interviewer is to obtain two interviews per EA (4 Interviewers x 2 interviews = 8 interviews, the quota for the EA). After completing the first interview, he or she should follow the same procedure as before. He/she continues walking in the same direction and chooses the nth dwelling on the right (where n = the day code). And so on. If the settlement comes to an end and there are no more houses, the Interviewer should turn at right angles to the right and keep walking, again looking for the nth dwelling on the right. This procedure is repeated until the Interviewer finds an eligible dwelling containing an eligible household.

TAGE FOUR: Selecting Individual Respondents

Once the household is chosen, the Interviewer is responsible for randomly selecting the individual respondent within the household who will be interviewed.

To ensure that women are not underrepresented, the Afrobarometer sets a gender stratum of an equal number of men and women in the overall sample. To accomplish this stratum, the gender of respondents is alternated for each interview. First, the Interviewer determines from the previous interview whether a man or a woman is to be interviewed. The Interviewer then lists (in any order) the first names of all the household members of that gender who are 18 years and older, even those not presently at home but who will return to the house that evening. From the list (which is numbered, see p. 2 of the questionnaire), the interviewer randomly selects the actual person to be interviewed by asking a household member to choose a numbered card from a blind deck of cards. The interviewer should interview only the person whose number is selected and no one else in that household.

If the person selected refuses to be interviewed, the Interviewer replaces the household by continuing the walking pattern and again selecting the nth dwelling on the right (where n = the day code).

Note: In the Afrobarometer, we substitute households, not respondents. Under no circumstances must the interviewer substitute another individual in the same household for a respondent selected randomly by means of the numbered card method. It is not acceptable, for example, to substitute a spouse, parent, child, sibling (or domestic worker or visitor) in the same household for a selected respondent who happens not to be at home at the time.

If there is no one at home in the selected household on the first try, the respondent should make one call-back later in the day. Or, if the designated respondent is not at home, the Interviewer should make an appointment to meet them later in the day. Again, a call-back will be necessary in order to find the selected respondent and to conduct the interview. It is also acceptable for the Interviewer to enquire about the whereabouts of the selected respondent (they may perhaps be at work) and, if nearby, to walk to that place to conduct the interview.

If the call-back is unsuccessful, say because the respondent has still not returned home for the appointment, then, and only then, the Interviewer may substitute the household. If the house is still empty or the selected respondent is not at home at the time of the call-back, the Interviewer must substitute that household with the very next household found in the direction of the walk pattern. This slight change in the walk pattern is necessary under these circumstances since the Interviewer may already have had a successful call earlier in the day in the household that is located at the sampling interval.

Reducing Household Substitutions

Round 3 draws on experiences from Round 2. All substitution figures above 5 percent are considered high in the Afrobarometer surveys. We would urge NIs to reduce the substitutions, whether for Primary Sampling Units (PSUs) or households through better planning.

Many household substitutions seem to occur because of the timing of the interviews. Our data show that most interviews take place between 8:00 am and 6:00pm. We can minimize substitutions through the following means:

- a. Plan around the working timetables of rural or urban communities. This means scheduling interviews to take place perhaps towards the end of the day in some areas.
- b. In urban areas, gender strata are often difficult to meet because a lot of men are at work, especially when interviews are conducted during the week. We therefore advise that interviews in urban areas be spread to include weekends. When planning deployments in urban areas, ensure that at least one day of interviews falls on a weekend.
- c. If a minority language group is in the sample, NIs need to plan ahead to ensure that field teams have the right translations of the questionnaire. This means drawing the sample well before the other fieldwork

Table 1. Afrobarometer Surveys, 1999-2006

	Round 1	Round 2	Round 3
	Fieldwork Dates	Sample Size	Fieldwork Dates
Botswana	Nov-December 1999	1200	July-August 2003
Ghana	July-August 1999	2004	Aug-September 2002
Lesotho	April-June 2000	1177	February-April 2003
Malawi	Nov-December 1999	1208	April-May 2003
Mali	January-February 2001	2089	Oct-November 2002
Namibia	Sept-October 1999	1183	Aug-September 2003
Nigeria	January-February 2000	3603	Sept-October 2003
South Africa	July-August 2000	2200	Sept-October 2002
Uganda	May-June 2000	2271	Aug-September 2002
Tanzania	March-May 2000	2198	July-August 2003
Zambia	Oct-November 1999	1198	June-July 2003
Zimbabwe	Sept-October 1999	1200	April-May 2004
Cabo Verde	May-June 2002	1268	March-April 2005
Mozambique	August-October 2002	1400	June 2005
Kenya	Aug-September 2003	2400	September 2005
Senegal	Nov-December 2002	1200	Sept-October 2005
Madagascar	May-June 2005	1350	
Benin	April-May 2005	1198	

Weighting

Note that for some surveys data is weighted to correct for either deliberate (e.g., to provide an adequate sample of specific sub-groups for analytical purposes) or inadvertent over- or under-sampling of particular sample strata. In these cases, a weighting variable is included as the last variable in the data set, with details described in the codebook. These weighting factors should be used when calculating all national-level statistics.

Questionnaires

Overview

In contrast to the full 12 country Round 1 Afrobarometer survey conducted in 1999-2000, in the seven countries that originally formed the Southern Africa Barometer (SAB) - Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Namibia, South Africa, Zambia and Zimbabwe, a standardized questionnaire was used, so question wording and response categories are generally the same for all of these countries.

The questionnaires in Mali and Tanzania were also essentially identical (in the original English version). Ghana, Uganda and Nigeria each had distinct questionnaires.

All countries in the 7 country survey were surveyed with the identical questionnaire and there are more indicators in this dataset than in the publicly available 12 country dataset. The full 12 country data set was pieced together out of essentially two to two and a half different projects (the old Southern African Democracy Barometer, and similar surveys done in West and East Africa). Items in the 12 country dataset had to be asked in at least 8 countries, and often consist of essentially equivalent items, even though question wording differed. Response items often differed and were therefore aggregated to make them equivalent.

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

Start	End	Cycle
1999	2000	N/A

Data Collection Mode

Face-to-face [f2f]

Data Collection Notes

Interviewers, usually holding a first degree in social science, were trained in a five-day training workshop immediately prior to fieldwork. Interviews usually took about one hour and only proceeded after respondents have given informed consent. Strict confidentiality was required in handling survey returns.

Interviews are conducted in the following languages:

Benin:

French, Fon, Adja, Bariba, Dendi, Yoruba, Otamari, Peulh

Botswana:

English, Setswana

Cape Verde:

Creole, Portuguese

Ghana:

English, Akan, Ewe, Ga, Dagbani

Kenya:

English, Kiswahili, Kamba, Kikuyu, Kimeru, Kisii, Luhya, Luo, Somali, Turkana

Lesotho:

English, Sesotho

Madagascar:

Malagasy Ofisialy, Malagasy Fitenim-Paritra

Malawi:

English, Chichewa, Chiyao, Chitumbuka

Mali:

Frenchm Bambara, Sonrha, Tamasheq, Peuhl

Mozambique:

Portuguese, Emakhuwa, Xichangana, Cisena, Cinyanja, Echuwabu, Cinyungwe

Namibia:

English, Afrikaans, Oshiwambo

Nigeria:

English, Hausa, Yoruba, Igbo, Pidgin, Tiv, Ibibio, Ijaw

Senegal:

French, Wolof, Pulaar, Serer

South Africa:

Afrikaans, English, Xhosa, North Sotho, South Sotho, Setswana, Swazi, Shangaan, Zulu

Tanzania:
Kiswahili

Uganda:
English, Luganda, Lusoga, Luo, Ruyankole, Rutoro, Rukiga, Ateso, Lugbara

Zambia:
English, Chibemba, Chinyanja, Chitonga, Silozi

Zimbabwe:
English, Chishona, Sindebele

Questionnaires

In contrast to the full 12 country Round 1 Afrobarometer survey conducted in 1999-2000, in the seven countries that originally formed the Southern Africa Barometer (SAB) - Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Namibia, South Africa, Zambia and Zimbabwe, a standardized questionnaire was used, so question wording and response categories are generally the same for all of these countries.

The questionnaires in Mali and Tanzania were also essentially identical (in the original English version). Ghana, Uganda and Nigeria each had distinct questionnaires.

All countries in the 7 country survey were surveyed with the identical questionnaire and there are more indicators in this dataset than in the publicly available 12 country dataset. The full 12 country data set was pieced together out of essentially two to two and a half different projects (the old Southern African Democracy Barometer, and similar surveys done in West and East Africa). Items in the 12 country dataset had to been asked in at least 8 countries, and often consist of essentially equivalent items, even though question wording differed. Response items often differed and were therefore aggregated to make them equivalent.

Data Collectors

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation
Afrobarometer Project		

Supervision

Teams of four interviewers traveled together to the field under the leadership of a field supervisor. It was the supervisor's job to ensure quality control of survey returns on a daily basis. Interviews usually took about one hour and only proceeded after respondents have given informed consent. Strict confidentiality was required in handling survey returns.

Data Processing

No content available

Data Appraisal

No content available

File Description

Variable List

Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Content	The 7 country combined dataset consists of the datasets from the 7 Southern African countries from Round 1, 1999-2000, including: Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Namibia, South Africa, Zambia and Zimbabwe. The survey collected data on public opinion on democracy, governance, markets, and national identity from respondents in each country.
Cases	0
Variable(s)	588
Structure	Type: Keys: ()
Version	Version 1.0
Producer	Afrobarometer
Missing Data	

Variables

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V1	casenumb		discrete	character	
V2	q1	satisfaction with economic conditions	discrete	numeric	
V3	q2	evaluations of economic conditions	discrete	numeric	
V4	q3	economic expectations	discrete	numeric	
V5	q4	evaluations of personal economic conditions compared to othe	discrete	numeric	
V6	q5a	how do you currently obtain food	discrete	numeric	
V7	q5b	how do you currently obtain food?	discrete	numeric	
V8	q5c	how do you obtain food?	discrete	numeric	
V9	q5d	how do you obtain food?	discrete	numeric	
V10	q6a	what other methods would you use to obtain food?	discrete	numeric	
V11	q6b	what other methods would you use to obtain food?	discrete	numeric	
V12	q6c	what other methods would you use to obtain food?	discrete	numeric	
V13	q7a	what safety measures do you have for your home?	discrete	numeric	
V14	q7b	what safety measures do you have for your home?	discrete	numeric	
V15	q7c	what safety measures do you have for your home?	discrete	numeric	
V16	q7d	what safety measures do you have for your home?	discrete	numeric	
V17	q8a	what other methods would you use to protect your home?	discrete	numeric	
V18	q8b	what other methods would you use to protect your home?	discrete	numeric	
V19	q8c	what other methods would you use to protect your home?	discrete	numeric	
V20	q9a	how do you currently obtain health care?	discrete	numeric	
V21	q9b	how do you currently obtain health care?	discrete	numeric	
V22	q9c	how do you currently obtain health care?	discrete	numeric	
V23	q9d	how do you currently obtain health care?	discrete	numeric	
V24	q10a	what other methods would you use to obtain health care?	discrete	numeric	
V25	q10b	what other methods would you use to obtain health care?	discrete	numeric	
V26	q10c	what other methods would you use to obtain health care?	discrete	numeric	
V27	q11a	how do you normally obtain cash income?	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V28	q11b	how do you normally obtain cash income?	discrete	numeric	
V29	q11c	how do you normally obtain cash income?	discrete	numeric	
V30	q11d	how do you normally obtain cash income?	discrete	numeric	
V31	q12a	what other methods would you use to obtain cash?	discrete	numeric	
V32	q12b	what other methods would you use to obtain cash?	discrete	numeric	
V33	q12c	what other methods would you use to obtain cash?	discrete	numeric	
V34	q13a	for how often have you gone without enough food to eat?	discrete	numeric	
V35	q13b	how often have you felt unsafe from crime in your home?	discrete	numeric	
V36	q13c	how often have you gone without necessary medical treatment?	discrete	numeric	
V37	q13d	how often have you gone without a cash income?	discrete	numeric	
V38	q13e	how often have you gone without enough clean water to drink	discrete	numeric	
V39	q13f	how often have you gone without shelter?	discrete	numeric	
V40	q13g	how often have you gone without electricity in your home?	discrete	numeric	
V41	q13h	how often did you have insufficient fuel to heat you home an	discrete	numeric	
V42	q14a	physical health reduce amount of work?	discrete	numeric	
V43	q14b	worried/ anxious about tiredness felt?	discrete	numeric	
V44	q15	is there a nearby school which your kids could attend?	discrete	numeric	
V45	q16	do you have an electricity hook-up into home?	discrete	numeric	
V46	q17	do you have piped water into home?	discrete	numeric	
V47	q18a	how often do you attend church group meetings?	discrete	numeric	
V48	q18b	attend self-help association?	discrete	numeric	
V49	q18c	attend group concerned with local matters?	discrete	numeric	
V50	q18d	attend local commercial organisation?	discrete	numeric	
V51	q18e	attends group that looks after the community?	discrete	numeric	
V52	q18f	attend a trade union?	discrete	numeric	
V53	q19	people more responsible for well-being vs govt. responsibilt	discrete	numeric	
V54	q20	free to learn vs limited income	discrete	numeric	
V55	q21	start own business vs govt. employment.	discrete	numeric	
V56	q22	new business risky vs invest to start business	discrete	numeric	
V57	q23a	who should take responsibilty for schools and clinics?	discrete	numeric	
V58	q23b	responsibility for creating jobs?	discrete	numeric	
V59	q23c	responsibility for building houses?	discrete	numeric	
V60	q23d	responsibility for reducing crime?	discrete	numeric	
V61	q23e	responsibility for buying or selling tobacco?	discrete	numeric	
V62	q23f	responsibility to help farmers borrow money?	discrete	numeric	
V63	q24	variety of goods at high prices vs shortages at low prices?	discrete	numeric	
V64	q25	free unraised health care stds vs paid better health care	discrete	numeric	
V65	q26	keep govt employees vs retrench govt employees	discrete	numeric	
V66	q27	govt own factories vs selling it to private businesses and i	discrete	numeric	
V67	q28a	what does democracy mean?	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V68	q28b	what does democracy mean?	discrete	numeric	
V69	q28c	what does democracy mean?	discrete	numeric	
V70	q29	who is the vice president?	discrete	numeric	
V71	q30	who is the minister of finance?	discrete	numeric	
V72	q31	member of parliament for this constituency?	discrete	numeric	
V73	q32	your local councillor?	discrete	numeric	
V74	q33	have you contacted govt official or political party official	discrete	numeric	
V75	q34a	what type of official did you contact?	discrete	numeric	
V76	q34b		discrete	numeric	
V77	q34c		discrete	numeric	
V78	q34d		discrete	numeric	
V79	q34e		discrete	numeric	
V80	q34f		discrete	numeric	
V81	q35a	paid a govt. official to get a job?	discrete	numeric	
V82	q35b	paid govt. official to get a maintenance payment, loan or pe	discrete	numeric	
V83	q35c	paid govt. official to get water or electricity?	discrete	numeric	
V84	q35d	paid govt. official to get housing or land?	discrete	numeric	
V85	q36	contacted any other influential person?	discrete	numeric	
V86	q37a	what type of influential person did you contact?	discrete	numeric	
V87	q37b	type of influential person contacted	discrete	numeric	
V88	q37c	type of influential person contacted	discrete	numeric	
V89	q37d	type of influential person contacted	discrete	numeric	
V90	q37e	type of influential person contacted	discrete	numeric	
V91	q37f	type of influential person contacted	discrete	numeric	
V92	q38	local traditional leader, chief or headman?	discrete	numeric	
V93	q39	local chiefs interest in people?	discrete	numeric	
V94	q40	how much of the time can local chief be trusted?	discrete	numeric	
V95	q41	how many chiefs or traditional leaders are involved in corru	discrete	numeric	
V96	q42a	how often do you get news from radio?	discrete	numeric	
V97	q42b	how often do you get news from tv?	discrete	numeric	
V98	q42c	how often do you get news from newspapers?	discrete	numeric	
V99	q43	most people can be trusted vs you must be careful of people?	discrete	numeric	
V100	q44	discuss political matters with friends?	discrete	numeric	
V101	q45	do you follow what is happening in govt and public affairs?	discrete	numeric	
V102	q46a	feel that you have little or no control over life?	discrete	numeric	
V103	q46b	insufficient info about political life and govt. actions?	discrete	numeric	
V104	q46c	sometimes political and govt. affairs are too complicated to	discrete	numeric	
V105	q46d	have to be careful what you do and say with regards to polit	discrete	numeric	
V106	q47	way you vote will make a difference vs it won't make a diffe	discrete	numeric	
V107	q48	who is in power makes a difference vs it doesn't make a diff	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V108	q49	how would you rate the freeness and fairness of last nationa	discrete	numeric	
V109	q50a	most important problems to be addressed by govt.	discrete	numeric	
V110	q50b	most important problems to be addressed by govt.	discrete	numeric	
V111	q50c	most important problems to be addressed by govt?	discrete	numeric	
V112	q51a	rating of previous system govt	discrete	numeric	
V113	q51b	rating of current system of govt	discrete	numeric	
V114	q51c	rating of future system (future)	discrete	numeric	
V115	q52a	anyone can freely say what they think?	discrete	numeric	
V116	q52b	can join any political organisation they choose.	discrete	numeric	
V117	q52c	can live without fear of being arrested if done nothing wron	discrete	numeric	
V118	q52d	free to choose who to vote for without feeling forced by oth	discrete	numeric	
V119	q52e	everybody if treated equally and fairly by govt.	discrete	numeric	
V120	q52f	safe from crime and violence	discrete	numeric	
V121	q52g	have adequate standard of living	discrete	numeric	
V122	q52h	access to basic necessities	discrete	numeric	
V123	q52i	zimbabweans are equal to each other	discrete	numeric	
V124	q53	one party to stand for elections and to stand for office.	discrete	numeric	
V125	q54	decisions to be made by council of elders, traditional leade	discrete	numeric	
V126	q55	army governed the country?	discrete	numeric	
V127	q56	president could decide everything?	discrete	numeric	
V128	q57	all decsions made by economic experts rather than by govt.?	discrete	numeric	
V129	q58	country returned to white minority rule?	discrete	numeric	
V130	q59	govt elected by accepted procedures.	discrete	numeric	
V131	q60	govt. exercises power in acceptable way.	discrete	numeric	
V132	q61	constitution expresses values and aspirations of zimbabweans	discrete	numeric	
V133	q62	govt should have the ultimate decision whether people agree	discrete	numeric	
V134	q63a	how well is govt creating jobs?	discrete	numeric	
V135	q63b	how well is govt building houses?	discrete	numeric	
V136	q63c	how well is govt ensuring that prices remain stable?	discrete	numeric	
V137	q63d	how well does govt reduce crime?	discrete	numeric	
V138	q63e	how well is govt improving health services?	discrete	numeric	
V139	q63f	how well does govt address educational needs of all zimbabwe	discrete	numeric	
V140	q63g	how well does govt manage the economy?	discrete	numeric	
V141	q63h	how well does govt deliver basic services like water?	discrete	numeric	
V142	q63i	how well does govt ensure that everyone has sufficient land?	discrete	numeric	
V143	q64	how interested is the president in your well-being?	discrete	numeric	
V144	q65	how much of the time can yu trust the president to do what i	discrete	numeric	
V145	q66	what is your opinion of the president's job performance?	discrete	numeric	
V146	q67	how many govt officials do you think are involved in corrupt	discrete	numeric	
V147	q68	how intersted is parliament in the well-being of you?	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V148	q69	how much of the time can you trust parliament to do what is	discrete	numeric	
V149	q70	what do you think about the way parliament has performed its	discrete	numeric	
V150	q71	how many people in parliament do you think are involved in c	discrete	numeric	
V151	q72	how many civil servants do you think are involved in corrupt	discrete	numeric	
V152	q73	how interested is your local councillor about your well-bein	discrete	numeric	
V153	q74	how much of the time can you trust your local govt to do wha	discrete	numeric	
V154	q75	how has your local govt. performed its job?	discrete	numeric	
V155	q76	how many officials in your local govt are involved in corrup	discrete	numeric	
V156	q77a	comparison of current and past govt effectiveness	discrete	numeric	
V157	q77b	comparison of current and past govt interest.	discrete	numeric	
V158	q77c	comparison of current and past govt corruption	discrete	numeric	
V159	q77d	comparison of current and past govt. trustworthiness	discrete	numeric	
V160	q78a	how much of the time can you trust the army?	discrete	numeric	
V161	q78b	how much of the time can you trust the police?	discrete	numeric	
V162	q78c	how much of the time can you trust the courts of law?	discrete	numeric	
V163	q78d	how much of the time can you trust the supervisory electoral	discrete	numeric	
V164	q78e	how much of the time can you trust the zimbabwean broadcasti	discrete	numeric	
V165	q78f	how much of the time can you trust govt press or newspapers?	discrete	numeric	
V166	q79	preference for democratic vs non-democratic govt	discrete	numeric	
V167	q80	have you heard about govt's economic structural adjustment p	discrete	numeric	
V168	q81	economic structural adjustment programme's effect on your li	discrete	numeric	
V169	q82	esap has helped vs it has hurt most people	discrete	numeric	
V170	q83	besides being zimbabwean, which group do you feel you belong	discrete	numeric	
V171	q84a	feel proud to be part of this group	discrete	numeric	
V172	q84b	want children to think of themselves as part of group	discrete	numeric	
V173	q84c	people belonging to this group are the best	discrete	numeric	
V174	q84d	stronger ties to group than to other zimbabweans	discrete	numeric	
V175	q84e	it makes you proud to be called a zimbabwean	discrete	numeric	
V176	q84f	children should think of themselves as zimbabwean	discrete	numeric	
V177	q84g	regardless of group you belong to, if you are zimbabwean the	discrete	numeric	
V178	q84h	desirable to create a united zimbabwe out of all the groups?	discrete	numeric	
V179	q85	how are your group's economic conditions in comparison to ot	discrete	numeric	
V180	q86		discrete	numeric	
V181	q87	is govt more or less interested in what your group has to sa	discrete	numeric	
V182	q88	govt represents interested of all zimabaweans or just one gr	discrete	numeric	
V183	q89	which group's interest is mostly represented by govt.?	discrete	numeric	
V184	q90	which is true for you with regards to 1996 national election	discrete	numeric	
V185	q91a	address problems facing the community with others?	discrete	numeric	
V186	q91b	attend election rally?	discrete	numeric	
V187	q91c	work for political candidate or party?	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V188	q91d	write a letter to newspaper?	discrete	numeric	
V189	q92a	claimed govt benefits to which you are not entitled to?	discrete	numeric	
V190	q92b	avoid paying development levy or property taxes?	discrete	numeric	
V191	q92c	avoid paying income taxes?	discrete	numeric	
V192	q92d	get unpaid for services?	discrete	numeric	
V193	q93a	attend a demonstration or protest march	discrete	numeric	
V194	q93b	boycott rates, services and taxes?	discrete	numeric	
V195	q93c	partake in sit-ins, disruption of govt meetings	discrete	numeric	
V196	q93d	use force or violent methods?	discrete	numeric	
V197	q94	shutting down of newspapers, radio or tv stations?	discrete	numeric	
V198	q95a	what if anything would you do about closing of newspapers, r	discrete	numeric	
V199	q95b	would you do about closing of newspapers, etc	discrete	numeric	
V200	q95c	what would you do about closing of newspapers, etc	discrete	numeric	
V201	q95d	what would you do about closing of newspapers, etc	discrete	numeric	
V202	q96	how do you feel about dismissed judges who ruled against	discrete	numeric	
V203	q97a	what would you do about dismissed judges who ruled against t	discrete	numeric	
V204	q97b	what would you do about dismissed judges ?	discrete	numeric	
V205	q97c	what would you do about dismissed judges ?	discrete	numeric	
V206	q97d	what would you do about dismissed judges ?	discrete	numeric	
V207	q98	how do you feel about banned political parties?	discrete	numeric	
V208	q99a	what would you do about banned political parties?	discrete	numeric	
V209	q99b	what would you do about banned political parties ?	discrete	numeric	
V210	q99c	what would you do about banned political parties	discrete	numeric	
V211	q99d	what would you do about banned political parties ?	discrete	numeric	
V212	q100	how do you feel about the suspension of parliament and cance	discrete	numeric	
V213	q101a	what would you do about the suspension of parliament and can	discrete	numeric	
V214	q101b	what would you do about suspension of parliament ?	discrete	numeric	
V215	q101c	what would you do about the suspension of parliament	discrete	numeric	
V216	q101d	what would you do about the suspension of parliament	discrete	numeric	
V217	q102	it will take govt years to deal with problems vs ought to	discrete	numeric	
V218	q103a	democratic society and majority rule?	discrete	numeric	
V219	q103b	democratic society and freedom to criticise the govt?	discrete	numeric	
V220	q103c	democratic society and regular elections?	discrete	numeric	
V221	q103d	democratic society and at least 2 parties competing?	discrete	numeric	
V222	q103e	democratic society and basic necessities?	discrete	numeric	
V223	q103f	democratic society and jobs for everyone?	discrete	numeric	
V224	q103g	democratic society and equal education?	discrete	numeric	
V225	q103h	democratic society and small income gap between rich and poor	discrete	numeric	
V226	q104	need a strong leader vs democracy is always best?	discrete	numeric	
V227	q105	the way zimbabwe is governed?	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V228	q106	how satisfied are you with democracy in zimbabwe?	discrete	numeric	
V229	q107a	most important changes about way country is governed?	discrete	numeric	
V230	q107b	most important changes about way country is governed	discrete	numeric	
V231	q107c	most important changes about way country is governed	discrete	numeric	
V232	q107d	most important changes about way country is governed	discrete	numeric	
V233	q107e	most important changes about way country is governed	discrete	numeric	
V234	q107f	most important changes about way country is governed	discrete	numeric	
V235	q108	are you close to any political party?	discrete	numeric	
V236	q109	which party are you close to?	discrete	numeric	
V237	q110	how close do you feel to this party?	discrete	numeric	
V238	q111	how old were you on your last birthday?	contin	numeric	
V239	q112	what is your home language?	discrete	numeric	
V240	q113	what is the highest grade,std,form completed?	discrete	numeric	
V241	q114	is your job part-time or full-time or are you looking for wo	discrete	numeric	
V242	q115	over the last 12 months have you been without a cash job mor	discrete	numeric	
V243	q116	for how many months were you unemployed?	discrete	numeric	
V244	q117	do you do regular work without a cash pay?	discrete	numeric	
V245	q119	type of occupation?	discrete	numeric	
V246	q120	do you know of a close friend or relative who died of aids?	discrete	numeric	
V247	q123a	district/ province?	discrete	numeric	
V248	q123b	country:	discrete	numeric	
V249	q124a	language interview was conducted in?	discrete	numeric	
V250	q124b	language interview was conducted in - 2nd mentioned	contin	numeric	
V251	q124c	language interview was conducted in - 3rd mention	contin	numeric	
V252	q125	respondent's gender?	discrete	numeric	
V253	q126	responde'n't race?	discrete	numeric	
V254	q127	did respondent have missing limbs?	discrete	numeric	
V255	q128	was respondent blind, or nearly blind?	discrete	numeric	
V256	q129	did respondent cough repeatedly during the interview?	discrete	numeric	
V257	q130	what type of shelter does respondent live in?	discrete	numeric	
V258	q131	did the household have windows?	discrete	numeric	
V259	q132	did household have glass in windows?	discrete	numeric	
V260	q133	what was roof made of?	discrete	numeric	
V261	q134a	other adults present listening during the interview?	discrete	numeric	
V262	q134b	other adults present - 2nd mentioned	contin	numeric	
V263	q134c	other adults present - 3rd mentioned	contin	numeric	
V264	q135	did respondent consult others for information to answer ques	discrete	numeric	
V265	q136	did anyone influence respondent's answers?	discrete	numeric	
V266	q137	what proportion of questions did respondent struggle to answ	discrete	numeric	
V267	q138	where was interview conducted?	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V268	q139	what was respondent's attitude?	discrete	numeric	
V269	q140	what was respondent's attitude?	discrete	numeric	
V270	q141	what was respondent's attitude during interview?	discrete	numeric	
V271	q142	what was respondent's attitude during interview?	discrete	numeric	
V272	q143	what was respondent's attitude during interview?	discrete	numeric	
V273	q144	what was respondent's attitude during interview?	discrete	numeric	
V274	q145	did your presence arouse interest from neighbours?	discrete	numeric	
V275	q146	did your presence arouse suspicion from neighbours?	discrete	numeric	
V276	q147	did your presence arouse fear from neighbours?	discrete	numeric	
V277	q148	were you approached by community/ party representatives?	discrete	numeric	
V278	q149	did you feel threatened during interview?	discrete	numeric	
V279	q150	were physically threatened during interview?	discrete	numeric	
V280	q151	anything else significant happen during interview?	discrete	numeric	
V281	q153	interviewer age?	contin	numeric	
V282	q154	do you come from rural or urban area?	discrete	numeric	
V283	q155	interviewer's home language?	discrete	numeric	
V284	q156	interviewer's gender?	discrete	numeric	
V285	q157	interviewer's race?	discrete	numeric	
V286	q158	interviewer's highest level of education?	discrete	numeric	
V287	q159	is there a post-office in primary sampling unit?	discrete	numeric	
V288	q160	is there a school in the primary sampling unit?	discrete	numeric	
V289	q161	is there a police station in the primary sampling unit?	discrete	numeric	
V290	q162	is there a regular bus/taxi service in the primary sampling	discrete	numeric	
V291	q163	is there an electricity grid accessible to most houses?	discrete	numeric	
V292	q164	is there a piped water system accessible to most houses?	discrete	numeric	
V293	q165	is there a sewage system accessible to most houses?	discrete	numeric	
V294	q166	is there a railway station?	discrete	numeric	
V295	q167	is there a health clinic?	discrete	numeric	
V296	q168	are there recreational facilities?	discrete	numeric	
V297	q169	are there any places of worship such as churches, mosques?	discrete	numeric	
V298	q170	are there any townhalls or community buildings that can be u	discrete	numeric	
V299	q171	is there a petrol station?	discrete	numeric	
V300	q172	is there a bottle store?	discrete	numeric	
V301	q173	is there a supermarket (food/ clothing)?	discrete	numeric	
V302	q174	are there cafes, corner shops?	discrete	numeric	
V303	q175	are there any market stalls (selling food/ clothing)?	discrete	numeric	
V304	q176	were there any police or police vehicles at psu or ea?	discrete	numeric	
V305	q177	were there any soldiers or army vehicles?	discrete	numeric	
V306	q178	were there any pavements along roads?	discrete	numeric	
V307	q179	any household yards with crops/vegetables been grown?	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V308	q180	any household yards/fields containing livestock?	discrete	numeric	
V309	q181	any household yards/fields with trees higher than one storey	discrete	numeric	
V310	q182	how many formal houses in psu?	discrete	numeric	
V311	q183	type of area in which interview was conducted in?	discrete	numeric	
V312	q184	was the psu clearly sign-posted the last 10km of journey?	discrete	numeric	
V313	q185	any stop lights/give way signs along last 10km of journey?	discrete	numeric	
V314	q186	any traffic lights or robots along last 10km of journey?	discrete	numeric	
V315	q187	were they in working order?	discrete	numeric	
V316	q188	did you see a water-filled river in last 10km of journey?	discrete	numeric	
V317	q189	did you see a water-filled dam or lake in last 10km of journ	discrete	numeric	
V318	q190	how much of the last 10km was graded sand/dirt roads?	discrete	numeric	
V319	q191	how much of the last 10km was ungraded dirt roads?	discrete	numeric	
V320	q192	how much of the last 10km journey was spent off road?	discrete	numeric	
V321	q193	how much of the last 10km journey wa spent on tarred/concret	discrete	numeric	
V322	ea_3	enumeration area	contin	numeric	
V323	ea_1		discrete	character	
V324	ea_2		discrete	numeric	
V325	ea		discrete	character	
V326	village	lesotho data- village surveyed	discrete	numeric	
V327	q116b_le	lesotho data - present occupation	discrete	numeric	
V328	q121_sa	suburb	discrete	numeric	
V329	q121_gen	surburb?	discrete	character	
V330	q122_gen	town/city?	discrete	character	
V331	v1_gen		contin	numeric	
V332	v2_gen		contin	numeric	
V333	v3_gen		contin	numeric	
V334	v4_gen		contin	numeric	
V335	v5_gen		contin	numeric	
V336	v6_gen		contin	numeric	
V337	v7_gen		contin	numeric	
V338	v8_gen		contin	numeric	
V339	v9_gen	v9	contin	numeric	
V340	v10_gen		contin	numeric	
V341	v11_gen		contin	numeric	
V342	v12_gen		contin	numeric	
V343	sa_date		contin	numeric	
V344	q4a	overall direction in the country	discrete	numeric	
V345	q50d	q50d. single most important problem facing south africa	discrete	numeric	
V346	q63j	affirmative action	discrete	numeric	
V347	q63k	fighting corruption in govt	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V348	q63l	uniting sas into one nation	discrete	numeric	
V349	q63m	narrowing income gap	discrete	numeric	
V350	q63n	how well is govt distributing welfare payments to those who are entitled to it	discrete	numeric	
V351	q63o	making reparations to trc victims	discrete	numeric	
V352	q63p	preventing spread hiv	discrete	numeric	
V353	q63q	sas response to situation in zimbabwe	discrete	numeric	
V354	q72a	how interested is provincial govt	discrete	numeric	
V355	q72b	how much of the time can you trust provincial govt	discrete	numeric	
V356	q72c	what do you think about the way premier has performed	discrete	numeric	
V357	q72d	what do you think about the way prov govt has performed	discrete	numeric	
V358	q72e	how many people in prov govt are involved in corruption	discrete	numeric	
V359	q76a1	likelihood of police catching and charging those committing serious crime	discrete	numeric	
V360	q76a2	likelihood of court conviction	discrete	numeric	
V361	q76a3	likelihood of sars penalising tax evaders	discrete	numeric	
V362	q76a4	illegal services: likelihood of council cutting services	discrete	numeric	
V363	q76a5	rates evasion: likelihood of council cutting services	discrete	numeric	
V364	q77e	able to enforce the law	discrete	numeric	
V365	q77e1	life today compared to under apartheid	discrete	numeric	
V366	q78c1	how much of the time can you trust the criminal justice system	discrete	numeric	
V367	q84b1	being a ___ is a very important part of how you see yourself	discrete	numeric	
V368	q84d1	___ are very different from other south africans	discrete	numeric	
V369	q84f1	being a sa is a very important part of how you see yourself	discrete	numeric	
V370	q84h1	it is possible to create a united sa nation	discrete	numeric	
V371	q95e	what would you do about closing of newspapers, etc	discrete	numeric	
V372	q97e	what would you do about dismissed judges	discrete	numeric	
V373	q99e	what would you do about banned political parties	discrete	numeric	
V374	q101e	what would you do about suspension of parliament	discrete	numeric	
V375	q101f	what would you do about suspension of parliament	discrete	numeric	
V376	q101a1	willingness to live under non-elected leader	discrete	numeric	
V377	q110a1	trc was important for building a united sa nation	discrete	numeric	
V378	q110a2	national reconciliation does not require intervention	discrete	numeric	
V379	q110a3	reconciliation requires that south africans understand one another better	discrete	numeric	
V380	q110a4	national reconciliation requires material compensation for victims	discrete	numeric	
V381	q110a5	national reconciliation requires that people forgive one another	discrete	numeric	
V382	q110a6	national reconciliation requires forgetting the past	discrete	numeric	
V383	q110a7	national reconciliation requires the healing of memories	discrete	numeric	
V384	q110a8	national reconciliation requires amnesty	discrete	numeric	
V385	q110a9	it is my responsibility as a citizen to contribute to the process of reconciliat	discrete	numeric	
V386	q120a1	national govt vote	discrete	numeric	
V387	q120a2	local govt vote - party	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V388	q120a3	local govt vote - candidate	discrete	numeric	
V389	wght_sa		discrete	numeric	
V390	q5a_con	food: condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V391	q5b_con	food: condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V392	q5c_con	food:condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V393	q5d_con	food:condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V394	q6a_con	food (alternatives) :condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V395	q6b_con	food (alternatives): condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V396	q6c_con	food (alternatives) : condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V397	q7a_con	safety measures: condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V398	q7b_con	safety measures: condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V399	q7c_con	safety measures: condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V400	q7d_con	safety measures:condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V401	q8a_con	alternate safety measures: condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V402	q8b_con	alternate safety measures:condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V403	q8c_con	alternate safety measures: condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V404	q9a_con	health:condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V405	q9b_con	health condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V406	q9c_con	health :condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V407	q9d_con	health: condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V408	q10a_con	health alternatives: condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V409	q10b_con	health alternatives : condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V410	q10c_con	health alternatives : condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V411	q28a_con	meaning of democracy: condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V412	q28b_con	meaning of democracy :condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V413	q28c_con	meaning of democracy: condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V414	q83_con	group identity : condensed	discrete	numeric	
V415	q50a_con	mip's:condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V416	q50b_con	mip's :condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V417	q50c_con	mip's :condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V418	q50a_co2	mips condensed list (2)	discrete	numeric	
V419	q50b_co2	mip's condensed list (2)	discrete	numeric	
V420	q50c_co2	condensed list (2)	discrete	numeric	
V421	q28a_co2	meaning of democracy:condensed list (2)	discrete	numeric	
V422	q28b_co2	meaning of democracy: condensed list (2)	discrete	numeric	
V423	q28c_co2	meaning of democracy: condensed list (2)	discrete	numeric	
V424	q107a_co	nb changes : condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V425	q107b_co	nb changes : condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V426	q107c_co	nb changes : condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V427	q107d_co	nb changes : condensed list	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V428	q107e_co	nb changes : condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V429	q107f_co	nb changes : condensed list	discrete	numeric	
V430	q107a_c2		discrete	numeric	
V431	q107b_c2		discrete	numeric	
V432	q107c_c2		discrete	numeric	
V433	q107d_c2		discrete	numeric	
V434	q107e_c2		discrete	numeric	
V435	q107f_c2		discrete	numeric	
V436	q11a_con	cash:condensed list	contin	numeric	
V437	q11b_con	cash:condensed list	contin	numeric	
V438	q11c_con	cash:condensed list	contin	numeric	
V439	q11d_con	cash: condensed list	contin	numeric	
V440	q12a_con	cash (alternatives): condensed list	contin	numeric	
V441	q12b_con	cash (alternatives): condensed list	contin	numeric	
V442	q12c_con	cash (alternatives):condensed list	contin	numeric	
V443	q84a_r	proud to be ___ (recode - dk)	discrete	numeric	
V444	q84b_r	want children to think of themselves recode - dk	discrete	numeric	
V445	q84c_r	___ people are the best recode - dk	discrete	numeric	
V446	q84d_r	feel stronger ties recode - dk	discrete	numeric	
V447	q84e_r	pride in national id recode - dk	discrete	numeric	
V448	q84f_r	want children to see themselves as sa - dk	discrete	numeric	
V449	q84g_r	all should be treated equal - dk	discrete	numeric	
V450	q84h_r	desriable to create one nation recode - dk	discrete	numeric	
V451	q84b1_r	being ___ nb part of how see yourself recode -dk	discrete	numeric	
V452	q84d1_r	___'s very different - dk	discrete	numeric	
V453	q84f1_r	being sa nb part of how see yourself recode - dk	discrete	numeric	
V454	q84h1_r	possible to create united nation - recode dk	discrete	numeric	
V455	q86_x	unfair treatment by govt reversed	discrete	numeric	
V456	q87_r	govt interest in your group - recode dk	discrete	numeric	
V457	q88_x	govt represents interests of all ? recode - dk + reverse	discrete	numeric	
V458	filter__	q123b = 7 (filter)	discrete	numeric	
V459	i_ident4		contin	numeric	
V460	i_gpid2a	group identity cd index	contin	numeric	
V461	i_gpid2c	national and group identity c&d index	contin	numeric	
V462	i_natid		contin	numeric	
V463	i_natinc		contin	numeric	
V464	q85_x	group relative deprivation reversed	discrete	numeric	
V465	q87_x	govt less interested in group, reversed	discrete	numeric	
V466	q88_r	govt represents one grp, recode	discrete	numeric	
V467	i_gvexcl		contin	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V468	q103a_x	majority rule essential recode	discrete	numeric	
V469	q103b_x	free speech essential recode	discrete	numeric	
V470	q103c_x	regular elections essential recode	discrete	numeric	
V471	q103d_x	competitive parties essential recode	discrete	numeric	
V472	q103e_x	basic necessities essential recode	discrete	numeric	
V473	q103f_x	full employment essential recode	discrete	numeric	
V474	q103g_x	equal education essential recode	discrete	numeric	
V475	q103h_x	small income gap essential recode	discrete	numeric	
V476	fac1_1	regr factor score 1 for analysis 1	contin	numeric	
V477	i_poldem		contin	numeric	
V478	fac1_2	regr factor score 1 for analysis 1	contin	numeric	
V479	i_ecodem		contin	numeric	
V480	q53_x	reject one party state	discrete	numeric	
V481	q54_x	reject trad leadership	discrete	numeric	
V482	q55_x	reject military rule	discrete	numeric	
V483	q56_x	reject presidential rule	discrete	numeric	
V484	q57_x	reject technocratic rule	discrete	numeric	
V485	q58_x	reject return to old regime	discrete	numeric	
V486	fac1_3	regr factor score 1 for analysis 1	contin	numeric	
V487	i_reject		contin	numeric	
V488	q106_x4	sat w dem 4pt scale recode	discrete	numeric	
V489	q49_x	last elect free & fair recode	discrete	numeric	
V490	q105_x	dem nature of regime recode	discrete	numeric	
V491	i_demreg		contin	numeric	
V492	i_extdem		contin	numeric	
V493	q52a_r	increased freedom of speech	discrete	numeric	
V494	q52b_r	increased freedom of association	discrete	numeric	
V495	q52c_r	increased freedom from police	discrete	numeric	
V496	q52d_r	increased freedom of voting	discrete	numeric	
V497	q52e_r	increased equal treatment by govt	discrete	numeric	
V498	q52f_r	increased safety	discrete	numeric	
V499	q52g_r	increased standard of living	discrete	numeric	
V500	q52h_r	increased basic necessities	discrete	numeric	
V501	q52i_r	increased equality amongst citizens	discrete	numeric	
V502	i_econrt		contin	numeric	
V503	i_polrts		contin	numeric	
V504	q51a_r	the way country was governed under previous gov	discrete	numeric	
V505	q51b_r	our current system of gov	discrete	numeric	
V506	q51c_r	political system in 10 years	discrete	numeric	
V507	q28a_c2r	meaning of democracy condensed 2 recode	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V508	q28b_c2r	meaning of democracy condensed 2 recode	discrete	numeric	
V509	q28c_c2r	meaning of democracy condensed 2 recode	discrete	numeric	
V510	q59_r	govt elected to power by accepted procedures - recode -dk	discrete	numeric	
V511	q60_r	govt exercises power in acceptable way - recode -dk	discrete	numeric	
V512	q61_r	constitution expresses values-recode -dk	discrete	numeric	
V513	q62_r	govt has right to make decisions - recode -dk	discrete	numeric	
V514	fac1_4	regr factor score 1 for analysis 1	contin	numeric	
V515	fac1_5	regr factor score 1 for analysis 1	contin	numeric	
V516	i_legit4		contin	numeric	
V517	q64_r	president interested recode - dk	discrete	numeric	
V518	q68_r	parliament interested recode - dk	discrete	numeric	
V519	q73_r	local councillor interested recode - dk	discrete	numeric	
V520	i_resp3		contin	numeric	
V521	q44_x	political disucssion recode	discrete	numeric	
V522	q45_x	political interest recode	discrete	numeric	
V523	q45_x3pt	political interest (3pt scale)	discrete	numeric	
V524	i_polint		contin	numeric	
V525	q42a_x	radio listenership recode	discrete	numeric	
V526	q42b_x	television readership recode	discrete	numeric	
V527	q42c_x	newspaper readership recode	discrete	numeric	
V528	i_tvpap		contin	numeric	
V529	q65_r	trust in president recode	discrete	numeric	
V530	q69_r	trust in parliament recode	discrete	numeric	
V531	q74_r	trust local gov recode	discrete	numeric	
V532	q78a_r	trust in army recode	discrete	numeric	
V533	q78b_r	trust in police force	discrete	numeric	
V534	q78c_r	trust courts of law recode	discrete	numeric	
V535	q78d_r	trust in independent electoral recode	discrete	numeric	
V536	q78c1_r	trust in criminal justice system recode	discrete	numeric	
V537	f_trust8	regr factor score 1 for analysis 1	discrete	numeric	
V538	i_trust8		discrete	numeric	
V539	f_polit3	regr factor score 1 for analysis 1	contin	numeric	
V540	f_state5	regr factor score 1 for analysis 1	discrete	numeric	
V541	i_trust4		discrete	numeric	
V542	i_state4		contin	numeric	
V543	i_poli3		contin	numeric	
V544	q18a_r	church group attendance recode	discrete	numeric	
V545	q18b_r	self-help group attendance recode	discrete	numeric	
V546	q18c_r	local issue group attendance recode	discrete	numeric	
V547	q18d_	business / farm org attendance recode	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V548	q18e_r	community organization attendance recode	discrete	numeric	
V549	q18f_r	trade union attendance recode	discrete	numeric	
V550	i_civpar		contin	numeric	
V551	q91a_x	community action recode	discrete	numeric	
V552	q91b_x	attend rally recode	discrete	numeric	
V553	q91c_x	work for party recode	discrete	numeric	
V554	q91d_x	write letter recode	discrete	numeric	
V555	i_ppart5		contin	numeric	
V556	q91a_c3	community action collapsed 3pt scale	discrete	numeric	
V557	q91b_c3	attend rally collapsed 3pt scale	discrete	numeric	
V558	q91c_c3	work for party collapsed 3pt scale	discrete	numeric	
V559	q91d_c3	write letter collapsed 3pt scale	discrete	numeric	
V560	i_ppart3		contin	numeric	
V561	q93a_x	protest march recode	discrete	numeric	
V562	q93b_x	boycott recode	discrete	numeric	
V563	q93c_x	sit-in / disruption recode	discrete	numeric	
V564	q93d_x	violent protest recode	discrete	numeric	
V565	i_prot5		contin	numeric	
V566	q92a_x	benefits fraud recode 5pt	discrete	numeric	
V567	q92b_x	avoid rates / fees recode 5pt	discrete	numeric	
V568	q92c_x	avoid income tax recode 5pt	discrete	numeric	
V569	q92d_x	service fraud recode 5pt	discrete	numeric	
V570	i_obey5		contin	numeric	
V571	q94_r	oppose moves against media	discrete	numeric	
V572	q96_r	oppose moves against courts	discrete	numeric	
V573	q98_r	oppose banning parties	discrete	numeric	
V574	q100_r	oppose suspending elections	discrete	numeric	
V575	i_defdm1		contin	numeric	
V576	q95a_c3	do something about attacks on media collapsed recode	discrete	numeric	
V577	q97a_c3	do something about dismissed judges collapsed recode	discrete	numeric	
V578	q99a_c3	do something about banned parties collapsed recode	discrete	numeric	
V579	q101a_c3	do something about suspended parliament collapsed recode	discrete	numeric	
V580	i_defdm2		contin	numeric	
V581	i_dfm23	behavioral defense of democracy index collapsed 3pt scale	discrete	numeric	
V582	q97a_c5	do something about attacks on courts collapsed 5 pt scale	discrete	numeric	
V583	q99a_c5	do something about attacks on parties collapsed 5pt scale	discrete	numeric	
V584	q101a_c5	do something about attacks on parl / elections collapsed 5pt scale	discrete	numeric	
V585	q95a_c5	do something about attacks on media collapsed 5pt scale	discrete	numeric	
V586	i_defdm3		contin	numeric	
V587	educ	educ recode into 4 categories	discrete	numeric	

ID	Name	Label	Type	Format	Question
V588	rururb	rural / urban recode	discrete	numeric	

(casenumb)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: character	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	

satisfaction with economic conditions (q1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

evaluations of economic conditions (q2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

economic expectations (q3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

evaluations of personal economic conditions compared to othe (q4)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

how do you currently obtain food (q5a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

how do you currently obtain food (q5a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how do you currently obtain food? (q5b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how do you obtain food? (q5c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how do you obtain food? (q5d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what other methods would you use to obtain food? (q6a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what other methods would you use to obtain food? (q6b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

what other methods would you use to obtain food? (q6b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what other methods would you use to obtain food? (q6c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what safety measures do you have for your home? (q7a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what safety measures do you have for your home? (q7b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what safety measures do you have for your home? (q7c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what safety measures do you have for your home? (q7d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

what safety measures do you have for your home? (q7d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what other methods would you use to protect your home? (q8a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what other methods would you use to protect your home? (q8b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what other methods would you use to protect your home? (q8c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how do you currently obtain health care? (q9a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how do you currently obtain health care? (q9b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

how do you currently obtain health care? (q9b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how do you currently obtain health care? (q9c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how do you currently obtain health care? (q9d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what other methods would you use to obtain health care? (q10a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what other methods would you use to obtain health care? (q10b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what other methods would you use to obtain health care? (q10c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

what other methods would you use to obtain health care? (q10c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how do you normally obtain cash income? (q11a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how do you normally obtain cash income? (q11b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how do you normally obtain cash income? (q11c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how do you normally obtain cash income? (q11d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what other methods would you use to obtain cash? (q12a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

what other methods would you use to obtain cash? (q12a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what other methods would you use to obtain cash? (q12b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what other methods would you use to obtain cash? (q12c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

for how often have you gone without enough food to eat? (q13a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how often have you felt unsafe from crime in your home? (q13b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

**how often have you gone without necessary medical treatment?
(q13c)**

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

how often have you gone without necessary medical treatment? (q13c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

how often have you gone without a cash income? (q13d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

how often have you gone without enough clean water to drink (q13e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

how often have you gone without shelter? (q13f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

how often have you gone without electricity in your home? (q13g)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

how often did you have insufficient fuel to heat you home an (q13h)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

physical health reduce amount of work? (q14a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

worried/ anxious about tiredness felt? (q14b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

is there a nearby school which your kids could attend? (q15)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

do you have an electricity hook-up into home? (q16)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

do you have piped water into home? (q17)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how often do you attend church group meetings? (q18a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

attend self-help association? (q18b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

attend group concerned with local matters? (q18c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

attend local commercial organisation? (q18d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

attends group that looks after the community? (q18e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

attends group that looks after the community? (q18e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

attend a trade union? (q18f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

people more responsible for well-being vs govt. responsibilit (q19)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

free to learn vs limited income (q20)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

start own business vs govt. employment. (q21)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

new business risky vs invest to start business (q22)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

new business risky vs invest to start business (q22)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

who should take responsibility for schools and clinics? (q23a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

responsibility for creating jobs? (q23b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

responsibility for building houses? (q23c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

responsibility for reducing crime? (q23d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

responsibility for buying or selling tobacco? (q23e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

responsibility for buying or selling tobacco? (q23e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

responsibility to help farmers borrow money? (q23f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

variety of goods at high prices vs shortages at low prices? (q24)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

free unraised health care stds vs paid better health care (q25)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

keep govt employees vs retrench govt employees (q26)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

govt own factories vs selling it to private businesses and i (q27)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

govt own factories vs selling it to private businesses and i (q27)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what does democracy mean? (q28a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what does democracy mean? (q28b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what does democracy mean? (q28c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

who is the vice president? (q29)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

who is the minister of finance? (q30)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

who is the minister of finance? (q30)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

member of parliament for this constituency? (q31)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

your local councillor? (q32)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

have you contacted govt official or political party official (q33)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

what type of official did you contact? (q34a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

(q34b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

(q34b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

(q34c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

(q34d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

(q34e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

(q34f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

paid a govt. official to get a job? (q35a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

paid a govt. official to get a job? (q35a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

paid govt. official to get a maintenance payment, loan or pe (q35b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

paid govt. official to get water or electricity? (q35c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

paid govt. official to get housing or land? (q35d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

contacted any other influential person? (q36)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what type of influential person did you contact? (q37a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

what type of influential person did you contact? (q37a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

type of influential person contacted (q37b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

type of influential person contacted (q37c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

type of influential person contacted (q37d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

type of influential person contacted (q37e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

type of influential person contacted (q37f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

type of influential person contacted (q37f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

local traditional leader, chief or headman? (q38)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

local chiefs interest in people? (q39)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

how much of the time can local chief be trusted? (q40)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

how many chiefs or traditional leaders are involved in corru (q41)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

how often do you get news from radio? (q42a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

how often do you get news from radio? (q42a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

how often do you get news from tv? (q42b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

how often do you get news from newspapers? (q42c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

most people can be trusted vs you must be careful of people? (q43)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

discuss political matters with friends? (q44)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

do you follow what is happening in govt and public affairs? (q45)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

do you follow what is happening in govt and public affairs? (q45)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

feel that you have little or no control over life? (q46a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

insufficient info about political life and govt. actions? (q46b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

sometimes political and govt. affairs are too complicated to (q46c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

have to be careful what you do and say with regards to polit (q46d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

way you vote will make a difference vs it won't make a diffe (q47)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

way you vote will make a difference vs it won't make a diffe (q47)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

who is in power makes a difference vs it doesn't make a diff (q48)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how would you rate the freeness and fairness of last nationa (q49)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

most important problems to be addressed by govt. (q50a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

most important problems to be addressed by govt. (q50b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

most important problems to be addressed by govt? (q50c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

most important problems to be addressed by govt? (q50c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

rating of previous system govt (q51a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

rating of current system of govt (q51b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

rating of future system (future) (q51c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

anyone can freely say what they think? (q52a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

can join any political organisation they choose. (q52b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

can join any political organisation they choose. (q52b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

can live without fear of being arrested if done nothing wron (q52c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

free to choose who to vote for without feeling forced by oth (q52d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

everybody if treated equally and fairly by govt. (q52e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

safe from crime and violence (q52f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

have adequate standard of living (q52g)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

have adequate standard of living (q52g)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

access to basic necessities (q52h)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

zimbabweans are equal to each other (q52i)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

one party to stand for elections and to stand for office. (q53)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

decisions to be made by council of elders, traditional leade (q54)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

army governed the country? (q55)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

army governed the country? (q55)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

president could decide everything? (q56)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

all decisions made by economic experts rather than by govt.? (q57)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

country returned to white minority rule? (q58)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

govt elected by accepted procedures. (q59)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

govt. exercises power in acceptable way. (q60)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

govt. exercises power in acceptable way. (q60)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

constitution expresses values and aspirations of zimbabweans (q61)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

govt should have the ultimate decision whether people agree (q62)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how well is govt creating jobs? (q63a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how well is govt building houses? (q63b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how well is govt ensuring that prices remain stable? (q63c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how well does govt reduce crime? (q63d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how well is govt improving health services? (q63e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how well does govt address educational needs of all zimbabwe (q63f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how well does govt manage the economy? (q63g)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how well does govt deliver basic services like water? (q63h)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how well does govt ensure that everyone has sufficient land? (q63i)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how interested is the president in your well-being? (q64)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how much of the time can yu trust the president to do what i (q65)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what is your opinion of the president's job performance? (q66)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how many govt officials do you think are involved in corrupt (q67)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

how many govt officials do you think are involved in corrupt (q67)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how intersted is parliament in the well-being of you? (q68)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how much of the time can you trust parliament to do what is (q69)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what do you think about the way parliament has performed its (q70)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how many people in parliament do you think are involved in c (q71)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how many civil servants do you think are involved in corrupt (q72)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how interested is your local councillor about your well-bein (q73)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how much of the time can you trust your local govt to do wha (q74)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how has your local govt. performed its job? (q75)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how many officials in your local govt are involved in corrup (q76)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

comparison of current and past govt effectiveness (q77a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

comparison of current and past govt effectiveness (q77a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

comparison of current and past govt interest. (q77b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

comparison of current and past govt corruption (q77c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

comparison of current and past govt. trustworthiness (q77d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how much of the time can you trust the army? (q78a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how much of the time can you trust the police? (q78b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

how much of the time can you trust the police? (q78b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

how much of the time can you trust the courts of law? (q78c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

how much of the time can you trust the supervisory electoral (q78d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

how much of the time can you trust the zimbabwean broadcasti (q78e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

how much of the time can you trust govt press or newspapers? (q78f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

preference for democratic vs non-democratic govt (q79)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

have you heard about govt's economic structural adjustment p (q80)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

economic structural adjustment programme's effect on your li (q81)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

esap has helped vs it has hurt most people (q82)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

besides being zimbabwean, which group do you feel you belong (q83)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

feel proud to be part of this group (q84a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

want children to think of themselves as part of group (q84b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

people belonging to this group are the best (q84c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

stronger ties to group than to other zimbabweans (q84d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

it makes you proud to be called a zimbabwean (q84e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

children should think of themselves as zimbabwean (q84f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

children should think of themselves as zimbabwean (q84f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

regardless of group you belong to, if you are zimbabwean the (q84g)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

desirable to create a united zimbabwe out of all the groups? (q84h)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how are your group's economic conditions in comparison to ot (q85)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(q86)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

is govt more or less interested in what your group has to sa (q87)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

govt represents interested of all zimabweans or just one gr (q88)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

which group's interest is mostly represented by govt.? (q89)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

which is true for you with regards to 1996 national election (q90)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

address problems facing the community with others? (q91a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

attend election rally? (q91b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

attend election rally? (q91b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

work for political candidate or party? (q91c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

write a letter to newspaper? (q91d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

claimed govt benefits to which you are not entitled to? (q92a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

avoid paying development levy or property taxes? (q92b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

avoid paying income taxes? (q92c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

avoid paying income taxes? (q92c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

get unpaid for services? (q92d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

attend a demonstration or protest march (q93a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

boycott rates, services and taxes? (q93b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

partake in sit-ins, disruption of govt meetings (q93c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

use force or violent methods? (q93d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

use force or violent methods? (q93d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

shutting down of newspapers,radio or tv stations? (q94)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

what if anything would you do about closing of newspapers, r (q95a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

would you do about closing of newspapers,etc (q95b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

what would you do about closing of newspapers,etc (q95c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

what would you do about closing of newspapers,etc (q95d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

how do you feeling about dismissed judges who ruled against (q96)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

what would you do about dismissed judges who ruled against t (q97a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

what would you do about dismissed judges ? (q97b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

what would you do about dismissed judges ? (q97c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

what would you do about dismissed judges ? (q97d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how do you feel about banned political parties? (q98)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what would you do about banned political parties? (q99a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what would you do about banned political parties ? (q99b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what would you do about banned political parties (q99c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what would you do about banned political parties ? (q99d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

what would you do about banned political parties ? (q99d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how do you feel about the suspension of parliament and cance (q100)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what would you do about the suspension of parliament and can (q101a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what would you do about suspension of parliament ? (q101b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what would you do about the suspension of parliament (q101c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what would you do about the suspension of parliament (q101d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

it will take govt years to deal with problems vs ought to (q102)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

democratic society and majority rule? (q103a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

democratic society and freedom to criticise the govt? (q103b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

democratic society and regular elections? (q103c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

democratic society and at least 2 parties competing? (q103d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

democratic society and at least 2 parties competing? (q103d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

democratic society and jbasic necessities? (q103e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

democratic society and jobs for everyone? (q103f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

democratic society and equal education? (q103g)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

democratic society and small income gap between rich and poo (q103h)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

need a strong leader vs democracy is always best? (q104)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

the way zimbabwe is governed? (q105)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how satisfied are you with democracy in zimbabwe? (q106)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

most important changes about way country is governed? (q107a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

most important changes about way country is governed (q107b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

most important changes about way country is governed (q107c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

most important changes about way country is governed (q107c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

most important changes about way country is governed (q107d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

most important changes about way country is governed (q107e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

most important changes about way country is governed (q107f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

are you close to any political party? (q108)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

which party are you close to? (q109)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

which party are you close to? (q109)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

how close do you feel to this party? (q110)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

how old were you on your last birthday? (q111)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 15-2915	

what is your home language? (q112)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

what is the highest grade, std, form completed? (q113)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

is your job part-time or full-time or are you looking for wo (q114)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

is your job part-time or full-time or are you looking for wo (q114)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

over the last 12 months have you been without a cash job mor (q115)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

for how many months were you unemployed? (q116)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

do you do regular work without a cash pay? (q117)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

type of occupation? (q119)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

do you know of a close friend or relative who died of aids? (q120)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

district/ province? (q123a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

country: (q123b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-7	

language interview was conducted in? (q124a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

language interview was conducted in - 2nd mentioned (q124b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 6-99	

language interview was conducted in - 3rd mention (q124c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

language interview was conducted in - 3rd mention (q124c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 15-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

respondent's gender? (q125)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

respondent's race? (q126)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

did respondent have missing limbs? (q127)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

was respondent blind, or nearly blind? (q128)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

did respondent cough repeatedly during the interview? (q129)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

did respondent cough repeatedly during the interview? (q129)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

what type of shelter does respondent live in? (q130)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

did the household have windows? (q131)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

did household have glass in windows? (q132)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

what was roof made of? (q133)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

other adults present listening during the interview? (q134a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

other adults present listening during the interview? (q134a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

other adults present - 2nd mentioned (q134b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 2-99	

other adults present - 3rd mentioned (q134c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 4-99	

did respondent consult others for information to answer ques (q135)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

did anyone influence respondent's answers? (q136)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

what proportion of questions did respondent struggle to answer (q137)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

where was interview conducted? (q138)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what was respondent's attitude? (q139)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what was respondent's attitude? (q140)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what was respondent's attitude during interview? (q141)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what was respondent's attitude during interview? (q142)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what was respondent's attitude during interview? (q143)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what was respondent's attitude during interview? (q144)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

did your presence arouse interest from neighbours? (q145)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

did your presence arouse suspicion from neighbours? (q146)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

did your presence arouse fear from neighbours? (q147)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

did your presence arouse fear from neighbours? (q147)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

were you approached by community/ party representatives? (q148)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

did you feel threatened during interview? (q149)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

were physically threatened during interview? (q150)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

anything else significant happen during interview? (q151)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

interviewer age? (q153)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

interviewer age? (q153)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

do you come from rural or urban area? (q154)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

interviewer's home language? (q155)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

interviewer's gender? (q156)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

interviewer's race? (q157)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

interviewer's highest level of education? (q158)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

interviewer's highest level of education? (q158)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

is there a post-office in primary sampling unit? (q159)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

is there a school in the primary sampling unit? (q160)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

is there a police station in the primary sampling unit? (q161)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

is there a regular bus/taxi service in the primary sampling (q162)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

is there an electricity grid accessible to most houses? (q163)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

is there an electricity grid accessible to most houses? (q163)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

is there a piped water system accessible to most houses? (q164)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

is there a sewage system accessible to most houses? (q165)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

is there a railway station? (q166)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

is there a health clinic? (q167)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

are there recreational facilities? (q168)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

are there recreational facilities? (q168)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

are there any places of worship such as churches, mosques? (q169)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

**are there any townhalls or community buildings that can be u
(q170)**

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

is there a petrol station? (q171)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

is there a bottle store? (q172)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

is there a supermarket (food/ clothing)? (q173)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

are there cafes, corner shops? (q174)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

are there any market stalls (selling food/ clothing)? (q175)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

were there any police or police vehicles at psu or ea? (q176)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

were there any soldiers or army vehicles? (q177)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

were there any pavements along roads? (q178)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

were there any pavements along roads? (q178)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

any household yards with crops/vegetables been grown? (q179)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

any household yards/fields containing livestock? (q180)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

any household yards/fields with trees higher than one storey (q181)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how many formal houses in psu? (q182)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

type of area in which interview was conducted in? (q183)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

was the psu clearly sign-posted the last 10km of journey? (q184)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

any stop lights/give way signs along last 10km of journey? (q185)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

any traffic lights or roadworks along last 10km of journey? (q186)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

were they in working order? (q187)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

did you see a water-filled river in last 10km of journey? (q188)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

did you see a water-filled river in last 10km of journey? (q188)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

did you see a water-filled dam or lake in last 10km of journ (q189)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how much of the last 10km was graded sand/dirt roads? (q190)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how much of the last 10km was ungraded dirt roads? (q191)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how much of the last 10km journey was spent off road? (q192)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how much of the last 10km journey wa spent on tarred/concret (q193)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

enumeration area (ea_3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 11-6512

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(ea_1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: character
 Width: 20

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(ea_2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(ea)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: character
 Width: 3

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

lesotho data- village surveyed (village)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

lesotho data- village surveyed (village)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-158

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

lesotho data - present occupation (q116b_le)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-77

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

suburb (q121_sa)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-550

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

surburb? (q121_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: character
 Width: 36

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

town/city? (q122_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: character
 Width: 22

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(v1_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

(v1_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(v2_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(v3_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(v4_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(v5_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(v6_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

(v6_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(v7_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(v8_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

v9 (v9_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(v10_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(v11_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

(v11_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 0-999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(v12_gen)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 10
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 999-99999999

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

(sa_date)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 99-3107

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

overall direction in the country (q4a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

q50d. single most important problem facing south africa (q50d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-226

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

affirmative action (q63j)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

affirmative action (q63j)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

fighting corruption in govt (q63k)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

uniting sas into one nation (q63l)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

narrowing income gap (q63m)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how well is govt distributing welfare payments to those who are entitled to it (q63n)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

making reparations to trc victims (q63o)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

making reparations to trc victims (q63o)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

preventing spread hiv (q63p)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

sas response to situation in zimbabwe (q63q)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

how interested is provincial govt (q72a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

how much of the time can you trust provincial govt (q72b)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

what do you think about the way premier has performed (q72c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

what do you think about the way premier has performed (q72c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

what do you think about the way prov govt has performed (q72d)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

how many people in prov govt are involved in corruption (q72e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

likelihood of police catching and charging those committing serious crime (q76a1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-5

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

likelihood of court conviction (q76a2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
 Format: numeric
 Width: 8
 Decimals: 0
 Range: 1-5

Valid cases: 0
 Invalid: 0

likelihood of sars penalising tax evaders (q76a3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

illegal services: likelihood of council cutting services (q76a4)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

rates evation: likelihood of council cutting services (q76a5)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

able to enforce the law (q77e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

life today compared to under apartheid (q77e1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-6	

how much of the time can you trust the criminal justice system (q78c1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 8
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

being a ___ is a very important part of how you see yourself (q84b1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 8
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

___ are very different from other south africans (q84d1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 8
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

being a sa is a very important part of how you see yourself (q84f1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 8
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

it is possible to create a united sa nation (q84h1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete
Format: numeric
Width: 8
Decimals: 0
Range: 1-99

Valid cases: 0
Invalid: 0

what would you do about closing of newspapers, etc (q95e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

what would you do about dismissed judges (q97e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

what would you do about banned political parties (q99e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

what would you do about suspension of parliament (q101e)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

what would you do about suspension of parliament (q101f)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

willingness to live under non-elected leader (q101a1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

willingness to live under non-elected leader (q101a1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

trc was important for building a united sa nation (q110a1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

national reconciliation does not require intervention (q110a2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

reconciliation requires that south africans understand one another better (q110a3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

national reconciliation requires material compensation for victims (q110a4)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

national reconciliation requires that people forgive one another (q110a5)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

national reconciliation requires forgetting the past (q110a6)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

national reconciliation requires the healing of memories (q110a7)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

national reconciliation requires amnesty (q110a8)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-99	

it is my responsibility as a citizen to contribute to the process of reconciliat (q110a9)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

national govt vote (q120a1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 2-99	

local govt vote - party (q120a2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 2-99	

local govt vote - candidate (q120a3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

(wght_sa)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0.0427000001072884-2.26399993896484	

food: condensed list (q5a_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

food: condensed list (q5b_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

food: condensed list (q5b_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

food:condensed list (q5c_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

food:condensed list (q5d_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

food (alternatives) :condensed list (q6a_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

food (alternatives): condensed list (q6b_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

food (alternatives) : condensed list (q6c_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

food (alternatives) : condensed list (q6c_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

safety measures: condensed list (q7a_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

safety measures: condensed list (q7b_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

safety measures: condensed list (q7c_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

safety measures: condensed list (q7d_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

alternate safety measures: condensed list (q8a_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

alternate safety measures: condensed list (q8a_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

alternate safety measures:condensed list (q8b_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

alternate safety measures: condensed list (q8c_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

health:condensed list (q9a_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

health condensed list (q9b_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

health :condensed list (q9c_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

health :condensed list (q9c_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

health: condensed list (q9d_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

health alternatives: condensed list (q10a_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

health alternatives : condensed list (q10b_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

health alternatives : condensed list (q10c_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

meaning of democracy: condensed list (q28a_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

meaning of democracy: condensed list (q28a_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

meaning of democracy :condensed list (q28b_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

meaning of democracy: condensed list (q28c_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

group identity : condensed (q83_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-99	

mip's:condensed list (q50a_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

mip's :condensed list (q50b_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

mip's :condensed list (q50b_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

mip's :condensed list (q50c_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-999	

mips condensed list (2) (q50a_co2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-41	

mip's condensed list (2) (q50b_co2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-41	

condensed list (2) (q50c_co2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-41	

meaning of democracy:condensed list (2) (q28a_co2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

meaning of democracy:condensed list (2) (q28a_co2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

meaning of democracy: condensed list (2) (q28b_co2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

meaning of democracy: condensed list (2) (q28c_co2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-999	

nb changes : condensed list (q107a_co)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-203	

nb changes : condensed list (q107b_co)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-203	

nb changes : condensed list (q107c_co)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

nb changes : condensed list (q107c_co)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-203	

nb changes : condensed list (q107d_co)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-203	

nb changes : condensed list (q107e_co)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-203	

nb changes : condensed list (q107f_co)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-203	

(q107a_c2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-21	

(q107b_c2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

(q107b_c2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-21	

(q107c_c2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-21	

(q107d_c2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-21	

(q107e_c2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-21	

(q107f_c2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-21	

cash:condensed list (q11a_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

cash:condensed list (q11a_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 4-161	

cash:condensed list (q11b_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 4-161	

cash:condensed list (q11c_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 4-160	

cash: condensed list (q11d_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 4-161	

cash (alternatives): condensed list (q12a_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 4-162	

cash (alternatives): condensed list (q12b_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

cash (alternatives): condensed list (q12b_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 4-161	

cash (alternatives):condensed list (q12c_con)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 4-161	

proud to be ___ (recode - dk) (q84a_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

want children to think of themselves recode - dk (q84b_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

___ people are the best recode - dk (q84c_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

feel stronger ties recode - dk (q84d_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

feel stronger ties recode - dk (q84d_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

pride in national id recode - dk (q84e_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

want children to see themselves as sa - dk (q84f_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

all should be treated equal - dk (q84g_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

desirable to create one nation recode - dk (q84h_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

being ___ nb part of how see yourself recode -dk (q84b1_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

being ___ nb part of how see yourself recode -dk (q84b1_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

___'s very different - dk (q84d1_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

being sa nb part of how see yourself recode - dk (q84f1_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

possible to create united nation - recode dk (q84h1_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

unfair treatment by govt reversed (q86_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

govt interest in your group - recode dk (q87_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

govt interest in your group - recode dk (q87_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

govt represents interests of all ? recode - dk + reverse (q88_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-2	

q123b = 7 (filter) (filter_)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-1	

(i_ident4)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

group identity cd index (i_gpid2a)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

national and group identity c&d index (i_gpid2c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

national and group identity c&d index (i_gpid2c)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

(i_natid)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

(i_natinc)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

group relative deprivation reversed (q85_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

govt less interested in group, reversed (q87_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

govt represents one grp, recode (q88_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

govt represents one grp, recode (q88_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-2	

(i_gvexcl)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

majority rule essential recode (q103a_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

free speech essential recode (q103b_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

regular elections essential recode (q103c_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

competitive parties essential recode (q103d_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

competitive parties essential recode (q103d_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

basic necessities essential recode (q103e_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

full employment essential recode (q103f_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

equal education essential recode (q103g_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

small income gap essential recode (q103h_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

regr factor score 1 for analysis 1 (fac1_1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

regr factor score 1 for analysis 1 (fac1_1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 10	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -7.6457400597444e-306-1.19625239872011e-305	

(i_poldem)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

regr factor score 1 for analysis 1 (fac1_2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 10	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1.38920990820337e-305-2.04484671313948e-305	

(i_ecodem)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

reject one party state (q53_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

reject trad leadership (q54_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

reject trad leadership (q54_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

reject military rule (q55_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

reject presidential rule (q56_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

reject technocratic rule (q57_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

reject return to old regime (q58_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

regr factor score 1 for analysis 1 (fac1_3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

regr factor score 1 for analysis 1 (fac1_3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 10	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -2.39890122609847e+229-1.66751064489605e+229	

(i_reject)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

sat w dem 4pt scale recode (q106_x4)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-3	

last elect free & fair recode (q49_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-3	

dem nature of regime recode (q105_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-3	

(i_demreg)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

(i_demreg)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-3	

(i_extdem)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-3	

increased freedom of speech (q52a_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

increased freedom of association (q52b_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

increased freedom from police (q52c_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

increased freedom of voting (q52d_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

increased freedom of voting (q52d_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

increased equal treatment by govt (q52e_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

increased safety (q52f_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

increased standard of living (q52g_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

increased basic necessities (q52h_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

increased equality amongst citizens (q52i_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

increased equality amongst citizens (q52i_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

(i_econrt)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

(i_polrts)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

the way country was governed under previous gov (q51a_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

our current system of gov (q51b_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

political system in 10 years (q51c_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

political system in 10 years (q51c_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

meaning of democracy condensed 2 recode (q28a_c2r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

meaning of democracy condensed 2 recode (q28b_c2r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

meaning of democracy condensed 2 recode (q28c_c2r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

govt elected to power by accepted procedures - recode -dk (q59_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

govt exercises power in acceptable way - recode -dk (q60_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

govt exercises power in acceptable way - recode -dk (q60_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

constitution expresses values-recode -dk (q61_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

govt has right to make decisions - recode -dk (q62_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

regr factor score 1 for analysis 1 (fac1_4)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 10	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -6.55241618168999e+98-6.00760047015972e+98	

regr factor score 1 for analysis 1 (fac1_5)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 10	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1.72397288889549e-305-1.62416060816981e-305	

(i_legit4)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

(i_legit4)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

president interested recode - dk (q64_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

parliament interested recode - dk (q68_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

local councillor interested recode - dk (q73_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

(i_resp3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

political disucssion recode (q44_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

political disucssion recode (q44_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

political interest recode (q45_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

political interest (3pt scale) (q45_x3pt)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

(i_polint)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

radio listenership recode (q42a_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-4	

television readership recode (q42b_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

television readership recode (q42b_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-4	

newspaper readership recode (q42c_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-4	

(i_tvpap)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-4	

trust in president recode (q65_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

trust in parliament recode (q69_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

trust local gov recode (q74_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

trust local gov recode (q74_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

trust in army recode (q78a_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

trust in police force (q78b_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

trust courts of law recode (q78c_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

trust in independent electoral recode (q78d_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

trust in criminal justice system recode (q78c1_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

trust in criminal justice system recode (q78c1_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

regr factor score 1 for analysis 1 (f_trust8)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1.85326421260834-2.14236450195312	

(i_trust8)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

regr factor score 1 for analysis 1 (f_polit3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 10	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -1.46098650417866e-305-1.33033577588232e-305	

regr factor score 1 for analysis 1 (f_state5)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 10	
Decimals: 0	
Range: -4.59090933290962e-153-4.65069761982504e-153	

(i_trust4)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

(i_trust4)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

(i_state4)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

(i_poli3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

church group attendance recode (q18a_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

self-help group attendance recode (q18b_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

local issue group attendance recode (q18c_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

local issue group attendance recode (q18c_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

business / farm org attendance recode (q18d_)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

community organization attendance recode (q18e_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

trade union attendance recode (q18f_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

(i_civpar)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-4	

community action recode (q91a_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

community action recode (q91a_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

attend rally recode (q91b_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

work for party recode (q91c_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

write letter recode (q91d_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

(i_ppart5)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

community action collapsed 3pt scale (q91a_c3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

community action collapsed 3pt scale (q91a_c3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

attend rally collapsed 3pt scale (q91b_c3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

work for party collapsed 3pt scale (q91c_c3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

write letter collapsed 3pt scale (q91d_c3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

(i_ppart3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

protest march recode (q93a_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

protest march recode (q93a_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

boycott recode (q93b_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

sit-in / disruption recode (q93c_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

violent protest recode (q93d_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

(i_prot5)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

benefits fraud recode 5pt (q92a_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

benefits fraud recode 5pt (q92a_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

avoid rates / fees recode 5pt (q92b_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

avoid income tax recode 5pt (q92c_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

service fraud recode 5pt (q92d_x)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

(i_obey5)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

oppose moves against media (q94_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

oppose moves against media (q94_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

oppose moves agains courts (q96_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

oppose banning parties (q98_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

oppose suspending elections (q100_r)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

(i_defdm1)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-5	

do something about attacks on media collapsed recode (q95a_c3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

do something about attacks on media collapsed recode (q95a_c3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

do something about dismissed judges collapsed recode (q97a_c3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

do something about banned parties collapsed recode (q99a_c3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

do something about suspended parliament collapsed recode (q101a_c3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

(i_defdm2)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

behavioral defense of democracy index collapsed 3pt scale (i_dfdm23)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-3	

do something about attacks on courts collapsed 5 pt scale (q97a_c5)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-4	

do something about attacks on parties collapsed 5pt scale (q99a_c5)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-4	

do something about attacks on parl / elections collapsed 5pt scale (q101a_c5)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-4	

do something about attacks on media collapsed 5pt scale (q95a_c5)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

do something about attacks on media collapsed 5pt scale (q95a_c5)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-4	

(i_defdm3)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Continuous	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 9	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-4	

educ recode into 4 categories (educ)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 0-3	

rural / urban recode (rururb)

File: Afrobarometer 7 Country 1999-2000

Overview

Type: Discrete	Valid cases: 0
Format: numeric	Invalid: 0
Width: 8	
Decimals: 0	
Range: 1-2	

Documentation

Technical documents

Table 1. Afrobarometer Surveys, 1999-2006

Title	Table 1. Afrobarometer Surveys, 1999-2006
Author(s)	Robert Mattes
Country	South Africa
Language	English
Description	This document lists the dates on which the Afrobarometer surveys were undertaken
Filename	Afrobarometer 1999-2006 Survey Dates_Mattes.pdf
